
ukis*py*sat

May 04, 2023

Contents:

| | | |
|----------|----------------------------|-----------|
| 1 | file | 3 |
| 2 | raster | 5 |
| 3 | Example | 7 |
| 3.1 | Dimension order | 7 |
| 4 | Indices and tables | 23 |
| | Python Module Index | 25 |
| | Index | 27 |

The UKIS-pysat package provides generic classes and functions to access and process multi-spectral and SAR satellite images.

CHAPTER 1

file

Work with you local satellite data files and read information out of file names and metadata files. Currently, focusing on Sentinel-1.

CHAPTER 2

raster

Reading satellite data and performing simple, but cumbersome tasks. This is just a layer on top of [rasterio](#) for stuff we often need. It can very well be that using *rasterio* directly is often the better choice.

Example

Here's an example about some basic features:

```
from ukis_pysat.file import get_sentinel_scene_from_dir
from ukis_pysat.raster import Image

# get sentinel scene from directory
with get_sentinel_scene_from_dir("/users/username/tmp") as (full_path, ident):
    with Image(full_path.join("pre_nracs.tif")) as img:
        # scale the image array, having one band
        img.arr = img.arr * 0.3
```

3.1 Dimension order

The dimension order can be set upon initialization and you have to choose between *first* (bands, rows, columns), being raster shape needed for rasterio, or *last* (rows, columns, bands), being image shape used by most image processing libraries. Default is *first*. Compare with the [documentation of rasterio](#). UKIS-pysat uses rasterio internally and the dimension order is always reshaped to *first* (bands, rows, columns) if the dimension order has been set as *last*. If the image was initialized with dimension order *last*, the result will be reshaped to *last* (rows, columns, bands) when calling `img.arr`.

Altering the array replaces all bands. If it is intended to alter a particular band, the remaining bands should be copied.

3.1.1 Installation

Installation with pip

Most users will want to do this:

```
pip install ukis-pysat[complete] # install everything
```

There's also some lighter versions with less dependencies:

```
pip install ukis-pysat # only install core dependencies (ukis_pysat.file can be used)
pip install ukis-pysat[raster] # also install dependencies for ukis_pysat.raster
```

Some helper functions might need additional dependencies like *pandas*, *dask[array]* or *utm*. If this is the case you will receive an *ImportError*.

GDAL

If you're having troubles installing GDAL and Rasterio use conda and/or follow these [instructions](#).

Tests

To run the tests:

```
git clone https://github.com/dlr-eoc/ukis-pysat
cd ukis-pysat
pip install -e .[dev]
python -m unittest discover tests
```

If you set the environment variables with the credentials to the hubs, you can uncomment `@unittest.skip()` for these tests.

3.1.2 Python API Reference

ukis_pysat.data

ukis_pysat.stacapi

ukis_pysat.file

`ukis_pysat.file.env_get` (*key*: str, *boolean*: bool = False) → Union[str, bool]
get an environment variable or fail with a meaningful error message

Parameters

- **key** – name of environment variable
- **boolean** – bool (default: False), optional. Returns true if key in ["true", "y", "yes", "1"].

Returns str or boolean

`ukis_pysat.file.get_footprint_from_manifest` (*xml_path*: Union[str, pathlib.Path]) → Any
Return a shapely polygon with footprint of scene, tested for Sentinel-1.

Parameters **xml_path** – path to manifest.safe

Returns shapely polygon

```
>>> get_footprint_from_manifest(Path(__file__).parents[1] / "tests/testfiles/
↳manifest.safe").wkt
'POLYGON ((149.766922 -24.439564, 153.728622 -23.51771, 154.075058 -24.737713,
↳150.077042 -25.668921, 149.766922 -24.439564))'
```

`ukis_pysat.file.get_ipf_from_manifest` (*xml_path*: Union[str, pathlib.Path]) → float
 Get IPF version from manifest file, tested for Sentinel-1.

Parameters `xml_path` – path to manifest.safe

Returns ipf version (float)

```
>>> get_ipf_from_manifest(Path(__file__).parents[1] / "tests/testfiles/manifest.
↳safe")
2.82
```

`ukis_pysat.file.get_origin_from_manifest` (*xml_path*: Union[str, pathlib.Path]) → str
 Get origin from manifest file, tested for Sentinel-1.

Parameters `xml_path` – path to manifest.safe

Returns country of origin

```
>>> get_origin_from_manifest(Path(__file__).parents[1] / "tests/testfiles/
↳manifest.safe")
'United Kingdom'
```

`ukis_pysat.file.get_pixel_spacing` (*scenedir*: Union[str, pathlib.Path], *polarization*: str = 'HH') → Tuple[float, float]
 Get pixel spacing, tested for Sentinel-1.

Parameters

- **scenedir** – path to unzipped SAFE-directory of scene
- **polarization** – str (default: 'HH')

Returns tuple with pixel spacing in meters and degrees as floats

```
>>> get_pixel_spacing(Path(__file__).parents[1] / "tests/testfiles")
(40.0, 0.0003593261136478086)
```

`ukis_pysat.file.get_polarization_from_s1_filename` (*filename*: str, *dual*: bool = False)

→ str
 Get polarization from the filename of a Sentinel-1 scene. <https://sentinel.esa.int/web/sentinel/user-guides/sentinel-1-sar/naming-conventions>.

Parameters

- **filename** – top-level SENTINEL-1 product folder name
- **dual** – boolean (default: True), optional

Returns str

```
>>> get_polarization_from_s1_filename("MMM_BB_TTTR_1SDH_YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_
↳YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_OOOOOO_DDDDDD_CCCC.SAFE.zip")
'HH'
>>> get_polarization_from_s1_filename("MMM_BB_TTTR_1SSH_YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_
↳YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_OOOOOO_DDDDDD_CCCC.SAFE.zip")
'HH'
>>> get_polarization_from_s1_filename("MMM_BB_TTTR_2SSV_YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_
↳YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_OOOOOO_DDDDDD_CCCC.SAFE.zip")
'VV'
>>> get_polarization_from_s1_filename("MMM_BB_TTTR_1SDV_YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_
↳YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_OOOOOO_DDDDDD_CCCC.SAFE.zip", True)
'VV, VH'
```

```
ukis_pysat.file.get_proj_string(footprint: Any) → str
```

Get UTM projection string the centroid of footprint is located in. Footprint itself might cover multiple UTM zones.

Parameters **footprint** – shapely polygon**Returns** string with information about projection

```
>>> get_proj_string(get_footprint_from_manifest(Path(__file__).parents[1] /
↳ "tests/testfiles/manifest.safe"))
'+proj=utm +zone=56J, +ellps=WGS84 +datum=WGS84 +units=m +no_defs'
```

```
ukis_pysat.file.get_sat_ts_from_datetime(dt: datetime.datetime, dformat: str =
'%Y%m%dT%H%M%S') → str
```

Get ESA timestamp string (used in their filenames) from datetime object.

Parameters

- **dt** – `datetime.datetime` object
- **dformat** – : str, (default: `%Y%m%dT%H%M%S`)

Returns ESA timestamp as string

```
>>> get_sat_ts_from_datetime(datetime(2020, 1, 13, 7, 46, 19, tzinfo=timezone.utc))
'20200113T074619'
```

```
ukis_pysat.file.get_sentinel_scene_from_dir(indir: Union[str, pathlib.Path]) → Iterator[Tuple[pathlib.Path, str]]
```

Scan directory for s1 scenes, unzips them if necessary. Tested with Sentinel-1, -2 & -3.

Parameters **indir** – path to zipped S1 scene or directory with S1 scene

Yields full_path (directory with scene, str), ident (filename of scene, str)

```
>>> with get_sentinel_scene_from_dir(Path(__file__).parents[1] / "tests/testfiles"
↳) as (fp, name):
...     print(name)
SiM_hello_from_inside
```

```
ukis_pysat.file.get_ts_from_sentinel_filename(filename: str, start_date: bool = True,  
                                               dformat: str = '%Y%m%dT%H%M%S')  
→ datetime.datetime
```

Get timestamp from the filename of a Sentinel scene, according to naming conventions. Currently works for S1, S2 & S3.

Parameters

- **filename** – top-level SENTINEL product folder or file name
- **start_date** – boolean (default: True), False is Stop Date, optional
- **dformat** – str, (default: %Y%m%dT%H%M%S)

Returns datetime.datetime object with timezone information

```
>>> get_ts_from_sentinel_filename("S1M_BB_TTTR_LFPP_20200113T074619_
↳YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_OOOOOO_DDDDDD_CCCC.SAFE.zip")
datetime.datetime(2020, 1, 13, 7, 46, 19, tzinfo=datetime.timezone.utc)
>>> get_ts_from_sentinel_filename("S1M_BB_TTTR_LFPP_YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_
↳20200113T002219_OOOOOO_DDDDDD_CCCC.SAFE.zip", False)
datetime.datetime(2020, 1, 13, 0, 22, 19, tzinfo=datetime.timezone.utc)
```

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```

>>> get_ts_from_sentinel_filename("S3M_OL_L_TTT____20200113T074619_
↳YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_i_GGG_c.SEN3")
datetime.datetime(2020, 1, 13, 7, 46, 19, tzinfo=datetime.timezone.utc)
>>> get_ts_from_sentinel_filename("S3M_OL_L_TTTTTT_yyyymmddThhmmss_
↳20200113T074619_YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS_i_GGG_c.SEN3", False)
datetime.datetime(2020, 1, 13, 7, 46, 19, tzinfo=datetime.timezone.utc)
>>> get_ts_from_sentinel_filename("S2AM_MSIXXX_20200113T074619_Nxxyy_ROOO_Txxxxx_
↳<Product Discriminator>.SAFE")
datetime.datetime(2020, 1, 13, 7, 46, 19, tzinfo=datetime.timezone.utc)

```

ukis_pysat.raster

class ukis_pysat.raster.**Image** (*data*, *dimorder*='first', *crs*=None, *transform*=None, *no-*
data=None)

Bases: object

Parameters

- **data** – rasterio.io.DatasetReader or path to raster or np.ndarray of shape (bands, rows, columns)
- **dimorder** – Order of channels or bands ‘first’ or ‘last’ (default: ‘first’)
- **crs** – Coordinate reference system used when creating from array. If ‘data’ is np.ndarray this is required (default: None)
- **transform** – Affine transformation mapping the pixel space to geographic space. If ‘data’ is np.ndarray this is required (default: None)
- **nodata** – nodata value only used when creating from np.ndarray, otherwise this has no effects, optional (default: None)

arr

array property

close()

closes Image

da_arr = None

dn2toa (*platform*, *mtl_file*=None, *mtd_file*=None, *wavelengths*=None)

This method converts digital numbers to top of atmosphere reflectance, like described here: <https://www.usgs.gov/land-resources/nli/landsat/using-usgs-landsat-level-1-data-product>

Parameters

- **platform** – image platform, possible Platform.Landsat[5, 7, 8] or Platform.Sentinel2 (<enum ‘Platform’>).
- **mtl_file** – path to Landsat MTL file that holds the band specific rescale factors (str).
- **mtd_file** – path to Sentinel-2 MTD file that holds the band specific rescale factors (str).
- **wavelengths** – like [“Blue”, “Green”, “Red”, “NIR”, “SWIR1”, “TIRS”, “SWIR2”] for Landsat-5 (list of str).

get_subset (*tile*, *band*=0)

Get slice of array.

Parameters

- **tile** – rasterio.windows.Window tile from get_tiles().
- **band** – Band number (default: 0).

Returns Sliced numpy array, bounding box of array slice.

get_tiles (*width=256, height=256, overlap=0*)

Calculates rasterio.windows.Window, idea from <https://stackoverflow.com/a/54525931>

Parameters

- **width** – int, optional (default: 256). Tile size in pixels.
- **height** – int, optional (default: 256). Tile size in pixels.
- **overlap** – int, optional (default: 0). Overlap in pixels.

Yields window of tile

get_valid_data_bbox (*nodata=0*)

bounding box covering the input array's valid data pixels.

Parameters **nodata** – nodata value, optional (default: 0)

Returns tuple with valid data bounds

mask (*bbox, crop=True, fill=False, mode='constant', constant_values=0*)

Mask raster to bbox.

Parameters

- **bbox** – bounding box of type tuple or Shapely Polygon
- **crop** – bool, see rasterio.mask. Optional, (default: True)
- **fill** – enforce raster to cover bbox. if raster extent is smaller than bbox it will be filled according to mode and constant_values parameters. Optional (default: False)
- **mode** – str, how to fill, see rasterio.pad. Optional (default: 'constant')
- **constant_values** – nodata value, padding should be filled with, optional (default: 0)

pad (*pad_width, mode='constant', constant_values=0*)

Pad raster in all directions.

Parameters

- **pad_width** – pad width in pixels, int.
- **mode** – str, how to pad, see rasterio.pad. Optional (default: 'constant')
- **constant_values** – nodata value, padding should be filled with, optional (default: 0)

Returns closed, buffered dataset in memory

to_dask_array (*chunk_size=(1, 6000, 6000)*)

transforms numpy to dask array

Parameters **chunk_size** – tuple, size of chunk, optional (default: (1, 6000, 6000))

Returns dask array

warp (*dst_crs, resampling_method=0, num_threads=4, resolution=None, nodata=None, target_align=None*)

Reproject a source raster to a destination raster.

Parameters

- **dst_crs** – CRS or dict, Target coordinate reference system.

- **resampling_method** – Resampling algorithm, int, defaults to 0 (Nearest) numbers: <https://github.com/mapbox/rasterio/blob/master/rasterio/enums.py#L28>
- **num_threads** – int, number of workers, optional (default: 4)
- **resolution** – tuple (x resolution, y resolution) or float, optional. Target resolution, in units of target coordinate reference system.
- **target_align** – raster to which to align resolution, extent and gridspacing, optional (Image).
- **nodata** – nodata value of source, int or float, optional.

write_to_file (*path_to_file*, *dtype*, *driver='GTiff'*, *nodata=None*, *compress=None*, *kwargs=None*)

Write a dataset to file. :param path_to_file: str, path to new file :param dtype: datatype, like np.uint16, 'float32' or 'min' to use the minimum type to represent values

Parameters

- **driver** – str, optional (default: 'GTiff')
- **nodata** – nodata value, e.g. 255 (default: None, means nodata value of dataset will be used)
- **compress** – compression, e.g. 'lzw' (default: None)
- **kwargs** – driver specific keyword arguments, e.g. {'nbits': 1, 'tiled': True} for GTiff (default: None) for more keyword arguments see gdal driver specifications, e.g. <https://gdal.org/drivers/raster/tiff.html>

ukis_pysat.members

Possible members of enums Datahub and Platform.

class ukis_pysat.members.Platform

Bases: enum.Enum

An enumeration.

Landsat5 = 'LANDSAT_TM_C1'

Landsat7 = 'LANDSAT_ETM_C1'

Landsat8 = 'LANDSAT_8_C1'

Sentinel1 = 'Sentinel-1'

Sentinel2 = 'Sentinel-2'

Sentinel3 = 'Sentinel-3'

3.1.3 Changelog

[1.5.0] (2023-05-04)

Deleted

- Removed data part #170

[1.4.3] (2022-09-19)

Fixed

- Fixed bug in bandorder dn2toa

[1.4.2] (2022-09-19)

Changed

- Adapt band schema of Sentinel-2 #168

[1.4.1] (2022-09-19)

Changed

- Adapt to new ESA Sentinel-2 processing baseline #165

[1.4.0] (2022-03-09)

Changed

- Sentinel items closer to standards of stactools #155

Deleted

- removed own stac api client (pystac-client should be used from now on)
- deleted the StacApi reference in data.py

[1.3.4] (2022-01-11)

Added

- added deprecation warnings in stacapi.py and stacapi_io.py

Changed

- changed NotImplementedErrors in data.py

[1.3.3] (2021-10-11)

Added

- added DOI

[1.3.2] (2021-08-24)**Added**

- data: allow *get* on item-search with geometry if *post* is not allowed

[1.3.1] (2021-08-02)**Fixed**

- data: bugfix query local STAC

[1.3.0] (2021-07-27)**Changed**

-requirements: Pystac version updated to 1.0.0, STAC version 1.0.0 #147 - data: Removed pylandsat dependency and added methods for downloading landsat products from GCS in data module #106

Fixed

- data: Consistency for Landsat & Sentinel #151

Added

- data: Streaming for Scihub #138

[1.2.1] (2021-05-05)**Fixed**

- data: Copernicus Open Access Hub Url changed #142
- data: fixed download error from EarthExplorer #140

[1.2.0]] (2021-04-07)**Changed**

- data: added option for additional parameter for query_metadata #27
- data: generator instead of catalog return for query_metadata and query_metadata_srcid #127
- data: platform removed from download_image and download_quicklook #130

[1.1.0] (2021-03-29)**Changed**

- data: `prep_aoi()` is not private and supports `__geo_interface__` #113
- data: change default scihub endpoint `/dhus` to `/apihub` #110
- data: mocked all interaction with Hubs for unit testing #116
- data: EarthExplorer changed to new M2M API due to dependency update #120
- data: removed hard dependency for *landsatxplore* & *pylandsat* #104
- data: *acquisitiondate* and *ingestiondate* have been removed #124
- split unit tests #110

Fixed

- data: *datetime* is now the searchable time of the assets, *start_datetime* and *end_datetime* are introduced #124

Added

- Github Action for black #111

[1.0.2] (2020-01-22)**Changed**

- raster: documentation clarification for *Image* initialization with *nodata* #105

Fixed

- data: bugfix stacapi, bbox did not work because it has to be post like intersection

[1.0.1] (2020-01-20)**Changed**

- data: make fiona and pyproj optional #104
- data: refactored stacapi_io for nicer imports

[1.0.0] (2020-01-20)**Added**

- data: new stac api #101

Changed

- `data`: metadata as STAC items and collections #98
- `members`: Datahub.file refactored to Datahub.STAC_local, breaking! #99

[0.7.0] (2020-10-30)

Added

- `file`: read and return booleans from env #90
- `raster`: possibility to init with 2D array #88
- `data`: `query_metadata_srcid()` method and related test #96

Changed

- `get_polarization_from_sl_filename()`: return type is now only `str` instead of `Union[str, List[str]]` #92
- `data`: `download_image` check if file exists #95

[0.6.3] (2020-09-02)

Fixed

- `file`: imported Pattern of module typing

[0.6.2] (2020-09-02)

Added

- `file`: usage of type hints #76

Fixed

- `raster.get_valid_data_bbox()`: was using the wrong transform #84

[0.6.1] (2020-08-31)

Added

- `file`: added `to_ESA_date()` function #80
- `file.get_ts_from_sentinel_filename()`: possibility to choose date format
- `raster`: added nodata value upon dataset creation with numpy arrays #82

[0.6.0] (2020-08-28)**Added**

- `raster.Image()`: With Statement Context Manager for Image #45
- `raster.Image()`: Alter image array #67
- `raster.Image()`: Target align option for `warp()` #60
- `raster.Image()`: Pass driver specific kwargs to `write_to_file()` #74

Fixed

- `data.Source()`: Fixed query metadata return for new EarthExplorer API #71
- `raster.Image()`: Consider all image bands in `pad()` #59
- `raster.Image()`: Memory leak caused by `__update_dataset()` #62

Changed

- `data.Metadata()`: Corrected field types #58
- `data.MetadataCollection()`: Improved plotting of `MetadataCollection` to `_pandas` method #56
- `data.MetadataCollection()`: Made filter method more flexible with list and fuzzy filter options #55
- `raster.Image()`: Split `_pad_to_bbox()` into `pad()` and `_get_pad_width()`, updated `mask()` #59
- replaced `os.path` with `Pathlib` #78

Removed

- file: removed `pack()` and `unpack()` #57

[0.5.0] (2020-07-03)**Added**

- `raster.Image()`: optional nodata value for writing #32

Fixed

- `file.get_ts_from_sentinel_filename()`: Return `datetime.datetime` objects instead of timestamp strings #42
- `raster.Image()`: in-memory dataset could not be updated if not GTiff and other improvements #48 #52

Changed

- `raster.Image()`: renamed `mask_image()` to `mask()`
- `raster.Image()`: update of init signature to be less confusing #41 #50
- `raster.Image()`: in-memory dataset now always with “GTiff” driver #53

[0.4.0] (2020-06-05)

Added

- `raster.Image()`: expanded `test_arr` to test `AttributeError` #31
- `raster.Image()`: optional `dimorder` for `arr` and according test #31
- `dn2toa()` tests and testfiles #17
- `data.source()`: accept WKT string as AOI #26
- `data.source()`: check if an AOI string is a file or a WKT string #26

Fixed

- `raster.Image()`: bug in `dn2toa()` related to wrong array shape #17

Changed

- `raster.Image()`: changed `dn2toa(platform, metadata, wavelengths)` to `dn2toa(platform, mtl_file, wavelengths)` #17
- `raster.Image()`: `dn2toa` now raises an error (instead of logging a warning) if `Platform` is not supported.
- `raster.Image()`: explicit `dtype` when writing, optional compression #32
- `raster.Image()`: auto-update of in-memory *dataset* #35
- removed logger

[0.3.0] (2020-05-26)

Added

- `download.Source()`: support for local metadata queries #6

Changed

- split PyPI package into subsets to not require all dependencies for every installation #16
- `download.Source()`: removed `traceback` #6
- `download.Source()`: changed `Source(source, source_dir=None)` to `Source(datahub, datadir=None, datadir_substr=None)` #6
- `members.Datahub()`: changed `file` to `File` #6

- updated README #6 #16

[0.2.0] (2020-05-13)

Added

- `download.Source()`: Classes `Metadata` and `MetadataCollection` for metadata handling #13
- expanded metadata part in README #13 - requirements: `pyfields`
- `download.Source()`: `prep_aoi()` for on the fly preparation of aoi for queries #1
- `data.Image()`: method `get_subset()` to retrieve subset array and bounding box of image tile #12
- `download.Source()`: `query()` accepts now aoi in forms of geojson file with varying CRS or bounding box coordinates in Lat Lon #1
- requirements: `pyproj` #1
- `download.Source()`: added methods to filter and download metadata #4
- Sentinel3 test #10

Fixed

- `download.Source()`: Improved geocoding quicklooks #5
- fixed #7

Changed

- renamed `ukis_pysat.data` to `ukis_pysat.raster` and `ukis_pysat.download` to `ukis_pysat.data`, breaking compatibility with version 0.1.0 #18
- `download.Source()`: Moved `download_metadata()` and `filter_metadata()` to `Metadata` class #13
- `download.Source()`: Moved all metadata mapping from `query()` to `construct_metadata()` #1
- `download.Source()`: Changed `_construct_metadata()` to `construct_metadata()` and removed static #1
- `download.Source()`: Simplified api queries in `query()` #1
- `download.Source()`: removed `get_metadata()` #4
- requirements: Removed `matplotlib`, `pandas` and `dask` optional #9

[0.1.0] (2020-04-29)

- first release

3.1.4 About

Contributors

The UKIS team creates and adapts libraries which simplify the usage of satellite data. Our team includes (in alphabetical order):

- Boehnke, Christian
- Fichtner, Florian
- Mandery, Nico
- Martinis, Sandro
- Riedlinger, Torsten
- Wieland, Marc

German Aerospace Center (DLR)

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Contributing

The UKIS team welcomes contributions from the community. For more detailed information, see our guide on CONTRIBUTING in the repository if you're interested in getting involved.

What is UKIS?

The DLR project Environmental and Crisis Information System (the German abbreviation is [UKIS](#), standing for Umwelt- und Kriseninformationssysteme) aims at harmonizing the development of information systems at the German Remote Sensing Data Center (DFD) and setting up a framework of modularized and generalized software components.

UKIS is intended to ease and standardize the process of setting up specific information systems and thus bridging the gap from EO product generation and information fusion to the delivery of products and information to end users.

Furthermore the intention is to save and broaden know-how that was and is invested and earned in the development of information systems and components in several ongoing and future DFD projects.

CHAPTER 4

Indices and tables

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`

u

`ukis_pysat.file`, [8](#)
`ukis_pysat.members`, [13](#)
`ukis_pysat.raster`, [11](#)

A

`arr` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* attribute), 11

C

`close()` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* method), 11

D

`da_arr` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* attribute), 11

`dn2toa()` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* method), 11

E

`env_get()` (*in module ukis_pysat.file*), 8

G

`get_footprint_from_manifest()` (*in module ukis_pysat.file*), 8

`get_ipf_from_manifest()` (*in module ukis_pysat.file*), 8

`get_origin_from_manifest()` (*in module ukis_pysat.file*), 9

`get_pixel_spacing()` (*in module ukis_pysat.file*), 9

`get_polarization_from_sl_filename()` (*in module ukis_pysat.file*), 9

`get_proj_string()` (*in module ukis_pysat.file*), 9

`get_sat_ts_from_datetime()` (*in module ukis_pysat.file*), 10

`get_sentinel_scene_from_dir()` (*in module ukis_pysat.file*), 10

`get_subset()` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* method), 11

`get_tiles()` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* method), 12

`get_ts_from_sentinel_filename()` (*in module ukis_pysat.file*), 10

`get_valid_data_bbox()` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* method), 12

I

`Image` (*class in ukis_pysat.raster*), 11

L

`Landsat5` (*ukis_pysat.members.Platform* attribute), 13

`Landsat7` (*ukis_pysat.members.Platform* attribute), 13

`Landsat8` (*ukis_pysat.members.Platform* attribute), 13

M

`mask()` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* method), 12

P

`pad()` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* method), 12

`Platform` (*class in ukis_pysat.members*), 13

S

`Sentinel11` (*ukis_pysat.members.Platform* attribute), 13

`Sentinel2` (*ukis_pysat.members.Platform* attribute), 13

`Sentinel3` (*ukis_pysat.members.Platform* attribute), 13

T

`to_dask_array()` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* method), 12

U

`ukis_pysat.file` (*module*), 8

`ukis_pysat.members` (*module*), 13

`ukis_pysat.raster` (*module*), 11

W

`warp()` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* method), 12

`write_to_file()` (*ukis_pysat.raster.Image* method), 13